

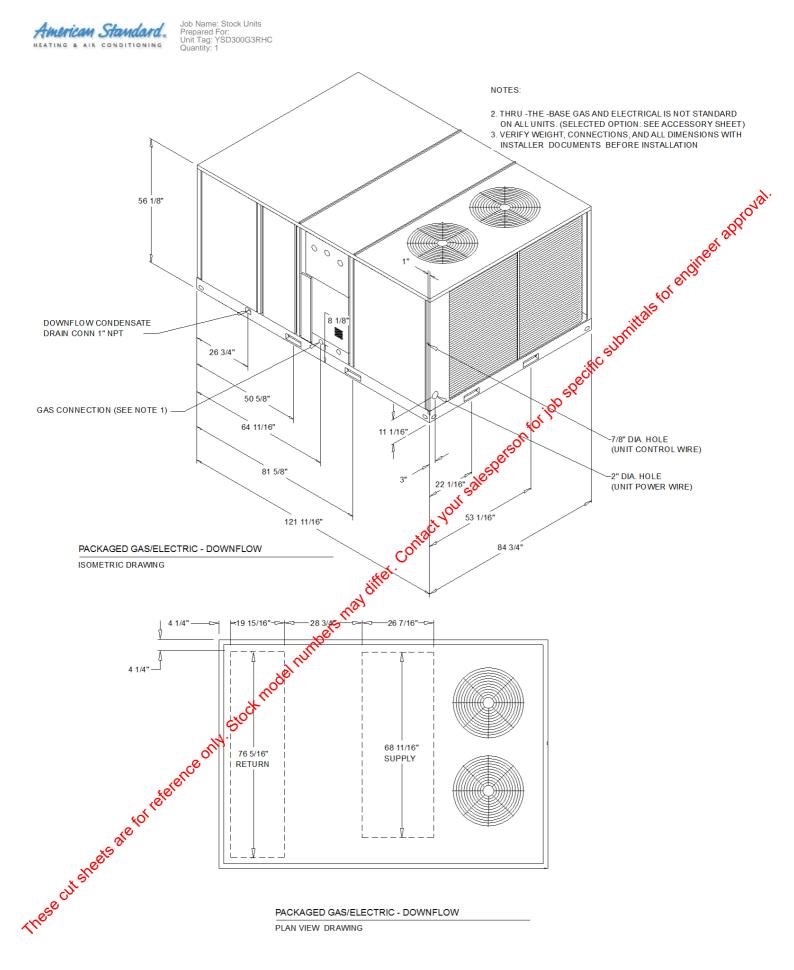
# Voyager Gas/Electric Packaged Rooftop

Application	Unit Size	Supply		Extern	al Dimensio	ns (in.)	Operatin	g Weight	EER	IEER/SEER	Elevation
Gas/Electric	25 Ton	Airflow	External Static Pressure	Height	Width	Length	Minimum	Maximum	10.0 EER	11.40	804.00 ft
		8000 cfm	0.500 in H2O	4.68 ft	7.02 ft	10.14 ft	2020.0 lb	2615.0 lb			
Unit Fea	itures									٣	at appl
Unit Ele	ctrical							1			mee
۱.	/oltage/pha	se/hertz 208-	230/60/3					11.		e e	
		MCA 115.					4 -	100		1510	
		<b>MOP</b> 150.0			Heat Type ting Stages ng Capacity Heating EAT			and the second	eoffe subr	11.40	
Operational							c	ontoriou			
Controls	5			Unit Cont	rols Reliatel		esper	,			
Cooling	Section						IT SAIL				
<u> </u>		ng Dry Bulb 8	80.00 F			. 10	¢	Cap	acity		
		ng Wet Bulb	67.00 F			*2 <sup>C</sup>		Gross Total	277.62 MBh	ı	
	Am	nbient Temp	95.00 F			cont	Gro	ss Sensible	213.73 MBł	1	
	Leaving C	oil Dry Bulb	55.26 F			0		Net Total	263.15 MBh	I	
	-	oil Wet Bulb (	55.26 F		iffer		Ν	let Sensible	199.25 MBh	1	
		nit Dry Bulb	56.84 F		101		Fan	Motor Heat	14.48 MBh		
		nit Wet Bulb	55.88 F		no.		Refrig Cha	rge-circuit 1	12.5 lb		
		frigeration Sy	ystem Optio	ns	5		Refrig Chai	rge-circuit 2	6.7 lb		
	Leaving	g Dew Point :	56.27 F	npe							
Heating	Section			, null							
inouting				Ser	Heat Type	Gas					
			no	Hea	ting Stages	2					
			o the	utput Heatii	ng Capacity	- 320.00 MBh					
			Sto	F	leating EAT	70.00 F					
		~	<i>9</i> .		leating LAT						
		or		Heating	Temp Rise	36.87 F					
Fan Sec	tion	tetenceont									
		lndoor Fa	an Data					Outdoor	Fan Data		
			FC Centrifug	al					Propeller		_
	e la	Drive Type	-				F	an Quantity			
	EV	ap Fan FLA						Drive Type			
0	,et S	Indoor Fan P					C	Outdoor Fan		e	
	<b>,</b>	Airflow 8	8000 cfm				Outdoor M	lotor Power	0.00 kW		
SUE		Design ESP	0.500 in H2C				Condens	ser Fan FLA	4.80 A		
cuterre		mponent SP	0.000 in H2C	)							
ce cut she	Cor	Total SP	0.500 in H2C	)							
ese cut sh	Cor										
ese cut sht	Cor pply Motor I	Horsepower									
Տպ	Motor Opera	ating Power	7.500 hp 4.60 bhp								
Տպ	Motor Opera Indoor N	ating Power 4 Notor Power	7.500 hp 4.60 bhp 3.42 kW								
Տպ	Motor Opera Indoor N	ating Power	7.500 hp 4.60 bhp 3.42 kW								
Indoor I	Motor Opera Indoor N	ating Power Aotor Power 3 Indoor RPM 8	7.500 hp 4.60 bhp 3.42 kW								
Indoor	Motor Opera Indoor N	ating Power Notor Power Indoor RPM 8	7.500 hp 4.60 bhp 3.42 kW	V							
Indoor I	Motor Opera Indoor N	ating Power 4 Notor Power 3 Indoor RPM 8 tion	7.500 hp 4.60 bhp 3.42 kW 803 rpm	V							



Job Name: Stock Units Prepared For: Unit Tag: YSD300G3RHC Quantity: 1

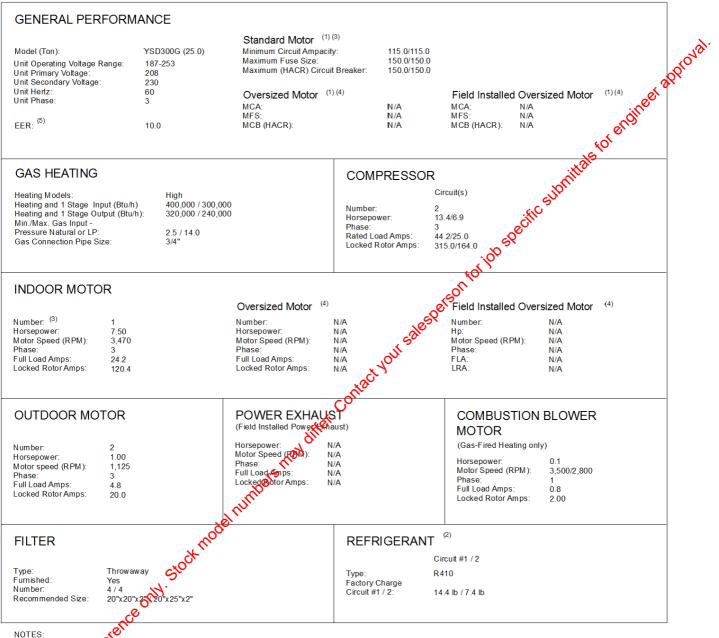
## Acoustics





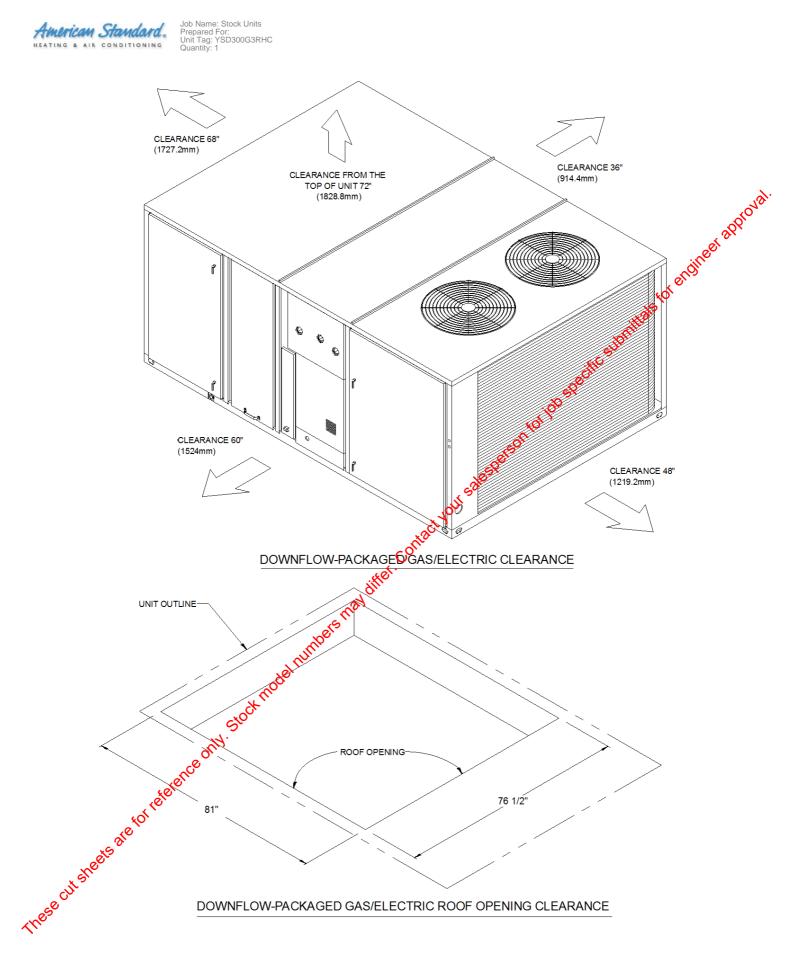
Job Name: Stock Units Prepared For: Unit Tag: YSD300G3RHC Quantity: 1

### ELECTRICAL / GENERAL DATA



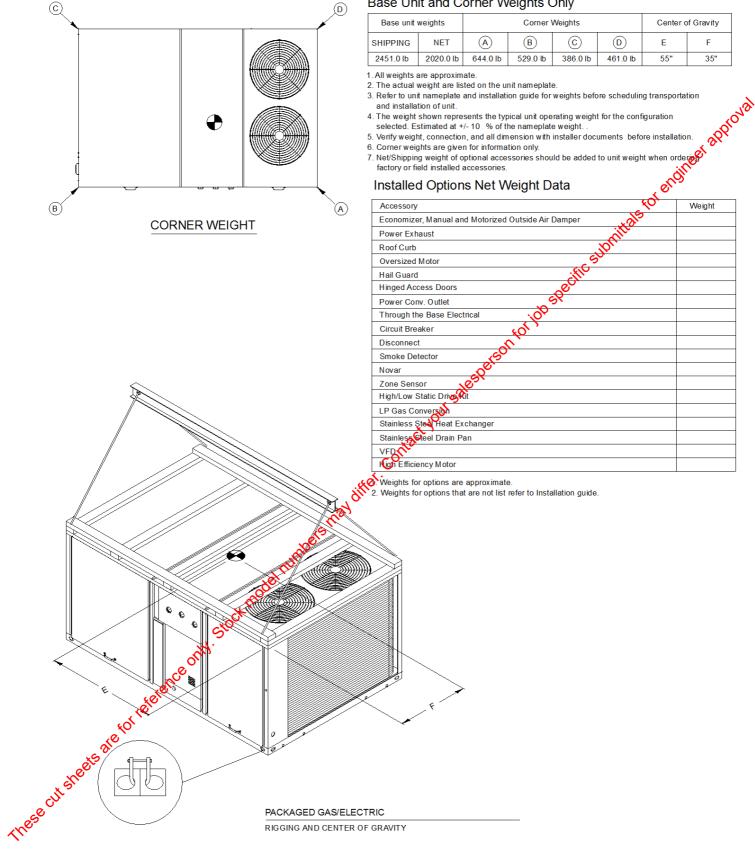
Maximum (HACR) Grout Breaker sizing is for installations in the United States only.
Refrigerant charge is an approximate value. For a more precise value, see unit nameplate and service instructions.

 3. Value incide Official and the province value is a more process value, see units
4. Value does of include Power Exhaust Accessory.
5. EER is raised at AHRI conditions and in accordance with DOE test procedures. These out steets





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#### Base Unit and Corner Weights Only

Center of Gravity

Е

55"

F

35"

Weight



#### General - 60 Hz Downflow Unit

The units shall be dedicated downflow airflow. The operating range shall be between 115°F and 0°F in cooling as standard from the factory for all units. Cooling performance shall be rated in accordance with ARI testing procedures. All units shall be factory assembled, internally wired, fully charged with R-410A, and 100 percent run tested to check cooling operation, fan and blower rotation and control sequence, before leaving the factory. Wiring internal to the unit shall be colored and numbered for simplified identification. 60 Hz units shall be UL listed and labeled, classified in accordance to UL 1995/C 22.2, 236-05 3rd Edition.

Packaged Rooftop units cooling, heating capacities, and efficiencies are AHRI certified within scope of AHRI Standard 340/360 (I-P) and ANSIZ21.47 and 10 CFR Part 431 pertaining to Commercial Warm Air Furnaces (gas heating units).

#### Casing - Downflow

Unit casing shall be constructed of zinc coated, heavy gauge, galvanized steel. Exterior surfaces shall be cleaned, phosphatized, and finished with a weather-resistant baked enamel finish. Unit's surface shall be tested 672 hours in a salt spray test in compliance with ASTM B117. Cabinet construction shall allow for all maintenance on one side of the unit. In order to ensure a water and air tight seal, service panels shall have lifting handles and no more than three screws to remove. All exposed vertical panels and top covers in the indoor air section shall be insulated with a 1/2 inch, 1 pound density foil-faced, fire-resistant, permanent, odorless, glass fiber material. The base of the downflow unit shall be insulated with 1/2 inch, 1 pound density foil-faced, closed-gell material. The downflow unit's base pan shall have no penetrations within the perimeter of the curb other than the raised 11/8 inch high supply/return openings to provide an added water integrity precaution, if the condensate drain backs up. The base of the unit shall have provisions for fork and crane lifting.

#### **Unit Top**

The top cover shall be one piece, or where seams exist, double hemmed and gasket sealed to prevent water leakage.

#### **Filters**

Two inch standard filters shall be factory supplied on all units

#### Compressors

All units shall have direct-drive, hermetic, scroll type compressors with centrifugal type oil pumps. Motor shall be suction gas-cooled and shall have a voltage utilization range of plus or minus 10 percent of nameplate voltage. Internal overloads shall be provided with the scroll compressors. All models shall have crankcase heaters, phase monitors and low and high pressure control as standard. Dual compressors are available on all standard efficiency models and 12.5 to 20 tons high efficiency models only). 25 tons high efficiency units have 3 compressors for up to 4 stages of compressor operation.

#### Crankcase Heaters 2

These band heaters provide improved compressor reliability by warming the oil to prevent migration during off-cycles of low ambient conditions.

#### Refrigerant Circuits

Each refrigerant circuit shall have service pressure ports, and refrigerant line filter driers factory installed as standard. An area shall be provided for replacement suction line driers.

#### Evaporator and Condenser Coils

Evaporator Coils (only on T/YS\*150, 180, 210, 240, 300G models)-

Microchannel evaporator coils will be burst tested by the manufacturer. Internally finned, 5/16"copper tubes mechanically bonded to a configured aluminum plate fin shall be standard for evaporator coils. Coils shall be leak tested to ensure the pressure integrity. The evaporator coil shall be leak tested to 225 psig and pressure tested to 450 psig.

Condenser Coils (available on T/Y\*\*150, 180, 210, 240, 300G models) - Microchannel condenser coils shall be standard on all units. Coils shall be leak tested to ensure the pressure integrity. The condenser coil shall be leak tested to 225 psig and pressure tested to 450 psig.

#### **Gas Heating Section**



The heating section shall have a drum and tube heat exchanger design using corrosion resistant steel components. A forced combustion blower shall supply premixed fuel to a single burner ignited by a pilotless hot surface ignition system.

In order to provide reliable operation, a negative pressure gas valve shall be used on standard furnaces and a pressure switch on furnaces with modulating heat that requires blower operation to initiate gas flow. On an initial call for heat, the combustion blower shall purge the heat exchanger 45 seconds before ignition.

After three unsuccessful ignition attempts, the entire heating system shall be locked out until manually reset at the thermostat. Units shall be suitable for use with natural gas shall also comply with California requirements for low NOx emissions.

#### **Condenser Coil**

forendit The microchannel type condenser coil is standard for the standard efficiency models. Due to flat streamlined tubes with small ports, and metallurgical tube-tofin bond, microchannel coil has better heat transfer performance. Microchannel condenser coil can reduce system of frigerant charge by up to 50% because of smaller internal volume, which leads to better compressor reliability. Compact all-aluminum microchannel coils also help to reduce the unit weight. Mi-aluminum construction improves re-cyclability. Galvanic corrosion is also minimized due to all aluminum construction. Strong aluminum brazed structure provides better fin protection. In addition, flat streamlined tubes also make microchannel coils more dust resistant and easier to clean. Coils shall be leak tested at the factory to ensure the pressure integrity. The evaporator coil and condenser coil shall be leak tested to 600 psig. The assembled unit shall be leak tested to 465 psig.

#### **Outdoor Fans**

The outdoor fan shall be direct-drive, statically and dynamically balanced, draw-through in the vertical discharge position. The fan motor(s) shall be permanently to bricated and shall have built-in thermal overload protection.

#### Indoor Fan

Units above shall have belt driven, FC centrifugadans with adjustable motor sheaves. Units with standard motors shall have an adjustable idler arm assembly for quick-adjustment of fan belts and motor sheaves. All motors shall be thermally protected. All indoor fan motors meet the U.S. Energy Policy Act of 1992 (EPACT).

#### Controls

Unit shall be completely factory wixed with necessary controls and contactor pressure lugs or terminal block for power wiring. Unit shall provide an external location for mounting a fused disconnect device. ReliaTel controls shall be provided for all 24 volt control functions. The resident control algorithms shall make all heating, cooling, and or ventilating decisions in response to electronic signals from sensors measuring indoor and outdoor temperatures. The control algorithm maintains accurate temperature control, minimizes drift from set point, and provides better building comfort. A centralized control shall provide anti-short cycle timing and time delay between compressors to provide a higher level of machine protection

#### High Pressure Cutout

This option is offered for units that do not have High Pressure cutout as standard.

#### Discharge Line Thermostat

A bi-metal element discharge line thermostat is installed as a standard option on the discharge line of each system. This standard option provides extra protection to the compressors against high discharge temperatures in case of loss of charge, extremely high ambient and other conditions which Could drive the discharge temperature higher. Discharge line thermostat is wired in series with high pressure control. When the discharge temperature rises above the protection limit, the bi-metal disc in the thermostat switches to the off position, opening the 24 VAC circuit. When the temperature on the discharge line cools down, the bi-metal disc closes the contactor circuit, providing power to the compressor. When the thermostat opens the fourth time, the ReliaTel control must be manually reset to resume operation on that stage.

#### Sequence of Operation (if applied in a SINGLE-ZONE CONSTANT-VOLUME SYSTEM or a CHANGEOVER BYPASS SYSTEM)

## B. SINGLE-ZONE CONSTANT-VOLUME SYSTEM

#### 1. OCCUPIED HEAT/COOL:

The RTU shall operate the supply fan continuously and modulate (or cycle) compressors, modulate (or stage) heat, and/or enable airside economizing to maintain zone temperature at setpoint. The OA damper shall open to bring in the required amount of ventilation.

#### 2. MORNING WARM-UP/PRE-COOL:

heat to raise/lower zone temperature to its occupied setpoint. The OA damper shall remain closed , tor endineer

#### D. CHANGEOVER BYPASS SYSTEM

#### 1. OCCUPIED HEAT/COOL:

Each VAV terminal shall use pressure-independent control, with airflow measurement? to vary primary airflow to maintain zone temperature at its occupied setpoint. The RTU shall modulate the bypass damper to maintain duct static pressure at setpoint and modulate (or cycle) compressors, modulate (or stage) heat, and/or enable airside economizing based on current zone cooling heating demands. The OA damper shall open to bring in the required amount of ventilation.

#### 2. MORNING WARM-UP/PRE-COOL:

Each VAV terminal unit shall vary primary airflow to raise/lower zone temperature to its occupied setpoint. The RTU shall modulate the bypass damper to maintain dect static pressure at setpoint and modulate (or cycle) compressors or modulate (or stage) heat based on current zone cooling/heating demands. The OA damper shall remain closed, unless economizing.

#### **3. COOLING/HEATING CHANGEOVER LOGIC:**

The System Controller shall determine the overall system cooling/heating mode based on "voting" from each zone. When the majority of zones require cooling, the RTU shall operate in cooling mode and any zone that requires heating shall reduce primary airflow to minimum. When the majority of ate i ate i resolution and a set of the set zones require heating, the RTU shall operate in keating mode and any zone that requires cooling shall